

## RUSSIANS ARE STILL WORRIED

While Troops Control Affairs In St. Petersburg  
There Is Feeling Of Uncertainty.

## STRIKE SPIRIT IS SPREADING NOW

Several Minor Disturbances Do Not Affect The General Public--Strikers Are Very Hungry Today.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPTS-M'RAE.]  
St. Petersburg, Jan. 26.—Seven students, leaders of the revolutionary movement in the Basil island district, were put to death by the strikers, who suspected the students of treachery. The troops have increased their grip of the district government. All the public buildings are closed and a watchful eye is kept on every movement of the strikers, who are walking about the streets this morning. Owing to failing of funds thousands of strikers are on the verge of starvation. The provisions are scarce and prices high. The employers met today to discuss the advisability of conceding to the demands of the strikers. Fifteen thousand troops continue to guard the approaches to Tzarkoese. Indications are the rebellion is completely crushed for the present.

### More Strikes

Tula, Jan. 26.—A strike was proclaimed here and eight thousand metal workers quit. At Vilna the strike continues today, but has not yet become general. At Riga the police unearthed a quantity of revolutionary proclamations. There are now twenty thousand men out. The troops are guarding the factories. Quiet prevails this morning but trouble is feared.

### At Moscow

Moscow, Jan. 26.—The fight last night of the strikers and soldiers resulted in fourteen persons being killed. The strikers attempted to assemble at Red square. The Cossacks attacked them with whips and the flat of their swords. The strikers then fired on the troops, who replied.

### Withdraw Troops

St. Petersburg, Jan. 26.—Troops were withdrawn from the streets during the night. Several newspapers have reappeared today. The authorites are trying to persuade shopkeepers to open their places of business, guaranteeing them against looting. Workmen appear to lack leadership and are hesitating what course to pursue. The strike today extended to Libau where the government shipyards are located.

According to the Frankfurter Zeitung, the city of Lodz, in Russian Poland, has been in a state of revolution for a week. Many persons have been killed in the fighting, while others have lost their lives by the explosion of bombs.

Lodz is the chief manufacturing center of Russian Poland. It contains 30,000 mil operatives.

A socialist agitator, who was organizing a strike, was shot and killed on the street last week by the police, although he was alone and could have been arrested easily. The executive committee of the socialists was thereupon convened and adopted a resolution to wreak summary vengeance upon the authorities.

As a sequel twenty-seven bomb outrages occurred, including the wrecking of the prison and a number of vodka taverns, which are state property.

Afterwards the police bureau was attacked.

The police made sorties and dispersed the attackers, who threw bombs, killing and maiming many.

Bombs afterwards were employed against the town hall, municipal offices and barracks, all of which were badly wrecked.

There was desperate fighting between the police and the revolutionists for four successive days, and the deaths are estimated at a large figure.

**Blood Flows at Moscow.** The Moscow situation is critical. First blood was shed there Wednesday afternoon, when a gathering of students and other youths in the neighborhood of the university led to trouble. The gendarmes, assisted by three squadrons of mounted troops, started to scatter the crowd, who defended themselves with knives. Horses were stabbed and slashed and one gendarme fell with his throat gashed.

**WILL INQUIRE INTO STEEL TRUST--TO PROBE SECRETS**

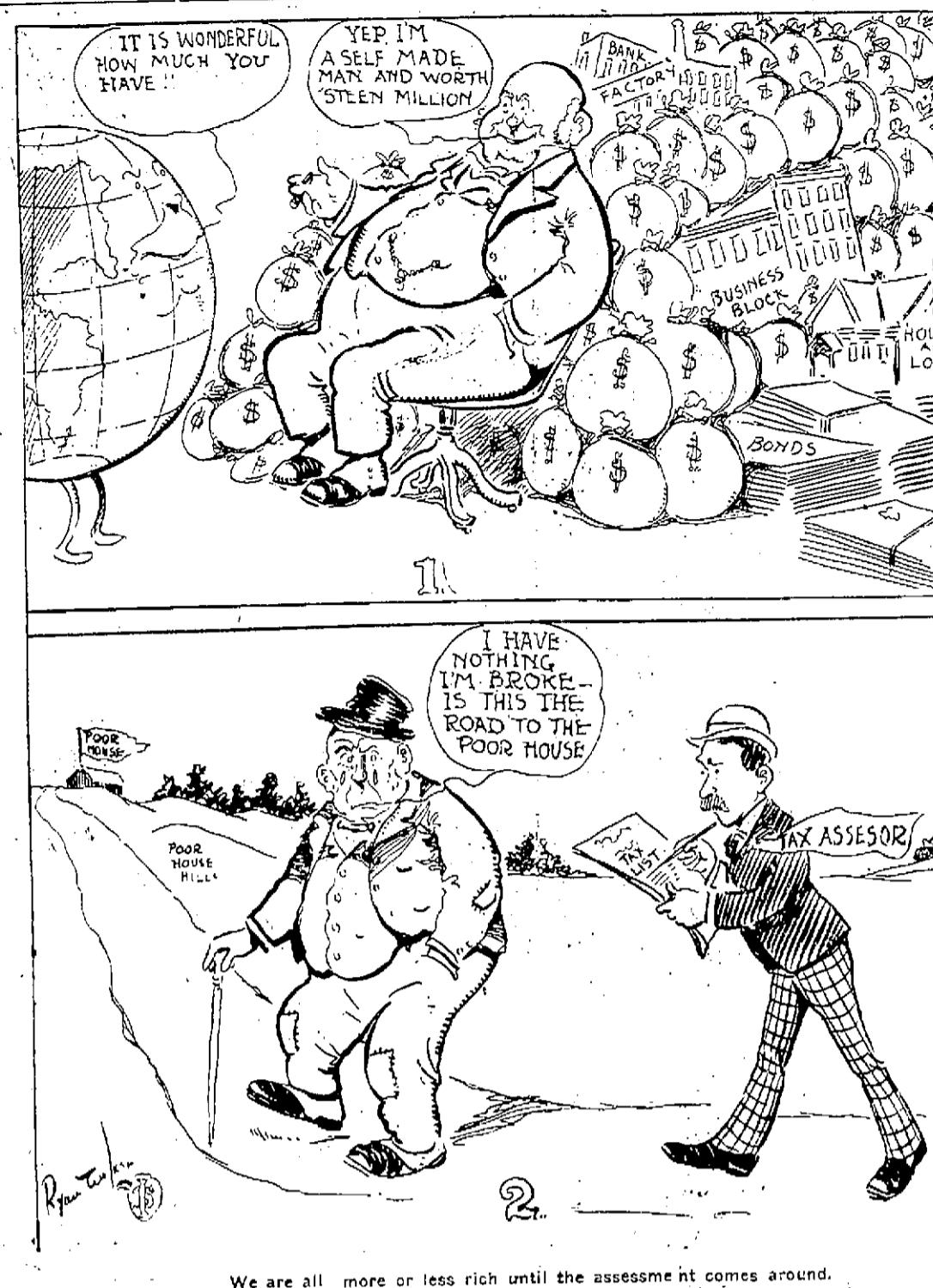
**Congress Will Seek To Learn Status Of This Important Trust Immediately.**

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPTS-M'RAE.]

Washington, Jan. 26.—The first step toward a congressional investigation of the steel trust was taken Wednesday when the judiciary committee of the house ordered a favorable report on a resolution of Mr. Little of Arkansas providing for the inquiry. The resolution directs that the following facts be ascertained:

The United States Steel Corporation and its associated and constituent companies have resulted in whole or in part from any contract, combination or agreement in the nature of a trust or conspiracy in restraint of commerce between the states and territories or between foreign countries.

JANESEVILLE, WISCONSIN, THURSDAY, JANUARY 26, 1905.



We are all more or less rich until the assessment comes around.

## FIFTEEN HOUSES BURN TO GROUND

One Hundred Families in New York City Rendered Homeless by Fire.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPTS-M'RAE.]

New York, Jan. 26.—Fire this morning destroyed fifteen frame houses on Cauldwell avenue in Bronx and killed over a hundred homeless. They suffered bitterly from the cold. The loss was one hundred thousand dollars.

## KENTUCKY TOWN HAS A BAD FIRE

Many Buildings in Mt. Sterling, Kentucky, Destroyed by Fire Today.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPTS-M'RAE.]

Mt. Sterling, Ky., Jan. 26.—Fire early this morning destroyed the Cooley business block, the Masonic temple and several stores. The loss is a hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

## SPARKS FROM THE WIRES

J. Clarence Kleckenbaugh, president of the Century Furniture company of Grand Rapids, Mich., is dead at Hemp Hill, Texas, as a result of injuries in a runaway accident. He was an extensive owner of timber lands.

American residents of Sonora, Mexico, alarmed by the assassination by the Yaqui Indians of five Americans, took steps to request that the United States government demand the surrender of the murderers from the Mexican government.

Levi Whitaker, Thomas Patterson and Horace Colvin, firemen in the engine-room of the Standard Wheel company's plant, Terre Haute, Ind., were killed and George Davis, a fireman, was fatally injured yesterday in an explosion of the engine boiler.

J. C. Hurle, Stockton, superintendent of the Pacific Glass works, and Johannes R. Stockton, landscape gardener, were injured yesterday in a rear-end collision between two passenger trains on the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway at Blum. Cal. Several others were badly bruised.

Twenty saloons were closed in Terre Haute, Ind., yesterday because the new prosecuting attorney insisted they take out city and county licenses.

The strike at the Corr cotton mills in East Taunton, Mass., is ended. The weavers voted to return to work under the reduction of 12½ per cent in wages.

Mrs. Cora Gill of New Orleans was painfully burned about the arms and hands by fire yesterday in Waukesha, Wis. An overturned alcohol lamp set fire to the bedclothes.

The two suits of the government against Cashier W. K. Cole of the United States mint in San Francisco for \$25,000 have been dismissed in the United States court on motion of the district attorney. The money, which represents a portion of the sum stolen by former Chief Clerk Dimmick, has been paid by Superintendent Frank Leach and it was under instructions from the solicitor of the treasury that the motion for dismissal was made.

## START HEARING FOR THE MURDER

The Sarah Schaefer Suspects Are Being Tried Today in Bedford.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPTS-M'RAE.]

Bedford, Ind., Jan. 26.—The preliminary hearing of Frank Evans and Elmer Browning, charged with the murder of Sarah Schaefer, was begun this morning. A hundred witnesses were called. An immense crowd is in attendance.

## YELLOW JACK ON THE Isthmus Now

Cruiser Boston Is Boarded by the Disease and One Death Is Reported.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPTS-M'RAE.]

Washington, Jan. 26.—A dispatch from Consul Gudger at Panama reports seven cases of yellow fever on the cruiser Boston and one death. The Boston has been ordered to proceed to San Francisco.

## BIRTHDAY SURPRISE PARTY FOR MISS EDNA PARKER

Host of Friends Gathered at Home on East Milwaukee Street Last Evening.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPTS-M'RAE.]

Last evening a number of friends of Miss Edna Parker surprised her at her home on East Milwaukee street, it being the occasion of her twentieth birthday. The evening was delightfully spent in numerous and various games and refreshments were served.

## MOTHER OF MILES COX IS DEAD IN NEW YORK

Mrs. Sarah Youngest Passed Away on Sunday and Was Buried Yesterday.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPTS-M'RAE.]

Officer Miles Cox learned yesterday of the death in New York city of his mother, Mrs. Sarah Youngest. Deceased was seventy years of age. In 1892 she visited her son in this city. The funeral services were held yesterday.

## SLOCUM PRISONER IS FREED

Boiler Inspector Released Because of His Failure to Prove His Case.

New York, Jan. 26.—John W. Fleming, the former assistant United States inspector of steam boilers who has been on trial in the United States district court before Judge Thomas on a charge of neglect of duty in connection with the burning of the excursion steamer General Slocum last June, has been discharged. Judge Thomas quashed the indictment against Fleming on the ground that it had not been shown that he failed to perform his full duty. Henry Lundberg, an assistant inspector of hulls, who was being tried jointly with Fleming, still remains a prisoner before the court and his trial will be continued. In discharging Fleming, Judge Thomas said that he was not prepared at the present time to say that Lundberg was not properly accused. His trial, therefore, would be continued.

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Edison is Improving.

Orange, N. J., Jan. 26.—Thomas A. Edison, who was operated on for the removal of an abscess behind his ear, is much improved.

## JAPS SEIZE BOAT, WITH COAL CARGO

English Steamer Captured Taking Aid to the Russians.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPTS-M'RAE.]

Tokio, Jan. 26.—The Japanese have seized the English steamer Barmie, bound for Vladivostok with coal. The cargo was the finest grade of cardif products.

## SPANISH CABINET HAS RESIGNED

No Reason Is Known, But They Calmly Give Up Their Offices Today.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPTS-M'RAE.]

Madrid, Jan. 26.—The Spanish cabinet resigned this morning without having given the king any warning whatsoever. No cause is known for their act.

## STATE NOTES

J. F. Dunham of Duck Creek, Brown county, was found dead in bed by his wife.

Miss Mary Lutz, a former resident of the town of Wheatland, Kenosha county, has committed suicide by hanging at Hiawatha, Kas.

Caroline Loberg, charged with the murder of her child, was arraigned at Menomonie on Wednesday, and her examination was set for Jan. 30.

Friday will see the dedication of the new Masonic temple at Waukesha, a \$20,000 building located in the central part of the city.

An unknown man, supposed to be a tramp, was killed by a northbound Milwaukee road passenger train at New Holstein Wednesday morning.

The Jewish people in the district between Antigo and Appleton and Oconto and Clintonville are contemplating building a temple in Clintonville.

Lars Elsner, a Green Bay rural route mail carrier, has been missing since Sunday, when last seen at church. He is believed to have wandered away in a demented condition.

A woman supposed to be Mrs. Anna Witt of Portage is mysteriously missing from Kenosha and her actions previous to her disappearance lead the police to believe that the woman has committed suicide.

Edmund P. Erb, who has held the position as Pacific manager of the Wisconsin Telephone company, has been appointed district manager, with charge of all the exchanges and toll lines at South Milwaukee, Kenosha, Burlington, Elkhorn, Lake Geneva, and Delavan. He will be succeeded by R. E. Brown.

Head of Knights of Malta Dead.

Rome, Jan. 26.—Principe Coschi, grandmaster of the Knights of Malta, is dead. He was elected lieutenant of the grandmaster of the Order of the Knights of Malta in 1872 and became grandmaster in 1879.

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## SOME DOUBTS AS TO RESULT

Effect of Governor La Follette's Acceptance of Senatorship Is Questioned.

## NEW LAWS ARE PROJECTED TODAY

Legislature Has Adjourned Until Monday Evening--May Have A Short Session--February Tenth The Date Set.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Madison, Wis., Jan. 26.—New business in the legislature will cease, except committee bills, February 10th, if the senate resolution introduced today is adopted. This is an early date and there seems to be a disposition to shorten the session as much as possible. Senator Morton proposes to repeal the mortgage tax law and introduce a bill that mortgages be separately classed, and assessed and taxed five mills on the dollar and no untaxed mortgage is to have any standing in court. Senator Frear has introduced a bill to exempt old soldiers and their widows from taxation up to \$800 in property. Senator Froehling would abolish the assessing of children's lives, making ten years the age limit. The legislature adjourned until Monday night.

**Not Violent.** The opposition to the administration here is not violent in criticism of the governor's speech, but some adverse observations are heard. It is remarked by stalwarts and some democrats that the governor is making a "pack of monkeys of the legislature" and is holding over the heads of his opponents the threat that unless his bidding is done he will remain to pursue them to political oblivion and disgrace.

**Will Have Effect.** The action of the governor is expected to have some expeditionary effect upon the passage of the railroad rate commission bill. This measure, in the form in which it will be known as the administration bill, has not yet made its appearance but it is expected to come to the legislature soon. There is no reason to believe, however, aside from the suggestions of the anti-administration people, that the governor will exert undue pressure on legislation to rush it through.

**In the Assembly.** Three important railroad bills came into the assembly, one to extend the time during which the state can recover back taxes from two to six years, and to place all civil litigation between the railroads and state in the circuit court of Dane county, and to compel the railroads to promptly furnish cars on the demands of shippers and be responsible for demurrage charges.

**His Only Way.** Friends of the administration here say his position is one of dignity and consistency with his professions on the stump. They say the situation he has created is a simple and plain one, that if the promises of the republican state platforms are expeditiously carried out he will resign the governorship.

**Mary Comments.** Various comments are heard on the unique situation created by the speech of Governor La Follette in his address to the joint legislative convention after his election as United States senator. The governor accepts the seat of J. V. Quarles conditionally upon the failure of any situation to arise which shall produce conflict between his duties as governor and as senator-elect. He is absolutely master of the situation as to whether he will go to Washington or remain in the executive office.

**His Discretion.** Friends of the administration here say his position is one of dignity and consistency with his professions on the stump. They say the situation he has created is a simple and plain one, that if the promises of the republican state platforms are expeditiously carried out he will resign the governorship.

**DRAMATIC SCENE NOT ON PROGRAM.**

**Mrs. Mulcairns Showed Great Feeling Upon Being Told of Husband's Conviction.**

The jury and most of the spectators in circuit court yesterday afternoon missed a dramatic scene enacted on the floor below when Thomas Mulcairns was pronounced guilty of suborning perjury. Mrs. Mulcairns was waiting on the stairway landing just outside the court-room to hear the verdict and a moment after it was pronounced a woman companion hurried out to tell her. Little Rose Dulon, the principal witness, and another girl were sitting in the county clerk's office. As Mrs. Mulcairns heard the tidings she gave voice to a series of uncouth screams and rushed down the stairs and towards the little Dulon girl, as if she would do her bodily injury. Her companion, however, followed and seizing the crazed woman about the waist forced her into a chair in the treasurer's office. It was sometime before she could be quieted. Attorney Oestrich for the prisoner entered a motion for a new trial. Arguments on this may not be heard for some time as Judge Dwinell goes to Portage next Monday to hold court for Judge Stevens for a week, and to Jefferson for the regular term on the week following. Application for a new trial is argued will doubtless be made by his attorney. Until that time, however, he will have to remain in jail. District Atty. Newhouse has no discretion in the matter until this application is made. The latter conducted the entire trial but was called to Beloit in the afternoon while the jury was out.

**AFFIRMATIVE SIDE WON TRADES COUNCIL DEBATE.**

**Union Men and Families Should Affiliate with Label League.**

**Was Verdict.** Last evening in the Trades Council debate the affirmative side was victorious. The question under discussion was: "Resolved, That it is the duty of every union man and his family to affiliate with the Women's Union Label league." Ed. Falter and John Os

## ZENO HOST GIVES TELLING ADDRESS

COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE TALKED TO POMONA GRANGE.

## WHAT INSURANCE REALLY IS

Believes That the Policy Holders Should Share in the Profits of the Corporations.

At the recent meeting of the Pomona Grange at Milton Junction, Commissioner of Insurance Zeno Host gave the following article on insurance. By a vote of the Grange it was ordered published in the paper in the county having the largest subscription list. The article is well worth reading and considering:

To the members of the Pomona Grange, Ladies and Gentlemen:

Some few weeks ago there was extended to me in behalf of your Association, an invitation to address you on the subject of "Mutual Insurance. Having taken great interest in this subject, I most cheerfully accepted the kind invitation, believing I would be given no particular place of the question to talk upon. A few days ago I received a copy of your printed program by which I noticed I was to address you on "Farm Insurance, Its Utility and Needs."

In no form of insurance do we find the old fashioned theory of mutualism so faithfully adhered to, and in no class of insurance do the members receive more complete and full returns for the share of responsibility which he assumes than they do in the Farm Mutual Fire Insurance Companies. The general and accepted definition of insurance is that it is a common agreement between many different persons that upon each paying a fixed sum into a common fund the proceeds acquired shall be used to repair any loss which may befall any one of the contributors.

Such a definition however, involves the payment of a fixed sum and will not apply generally to local mutual fire insurance companies. The definition, therefore, could be modified and still cover every kind and class of insurance. Thus:

"Insurance is a common agreement between many different persons that the contributions of the many shall be used to repair any loss which may befall any one of the parties to such common agreement."

So, that whatever be the language employed in the definition of "insurance" the word "insurance" shall always carry the meaning of the mandate of the Divine Master spoken nearly nineteen hundred years ago "Bear ye one another's burdens."

In no other way, whatever be it name or form, can insurance be conducted than by the combining of coming together of many individuals contributing to a common fund out of which the losses of the few, as they occur, shall be met.

Whether, fire, life or casualty insurance, each policy-holder by the common agreement with the others, is insuring himself. Yet today, 155 years after the organization of the first fire insurance company in this country, the ideal plan of fire protection is still the Farm Mutual plan and offers all that can be obtained by insurance, and that, in its best form.

Capital stock offers a guarantee only at the inception of a company, and by reason of the stock dividends to which entitled, becomes an added expense just as soon as there are a sufficient number of members among whom to equalize the losses of the few.

So that in a stock company, the policy-holder is insuring himself, and in addition contributing sufficient more to pay stock dividends and profits to the stock holders.

While this is the effect, still such companies have become a necessity by reason of the large amount of insurance required in the cities and centers of commerce.

The mutual fire insurance companies authorized to transact business in Wisconsin are conducted on good business principles, which is evidenced by the fact that the insurance department has yet to receive one complaint against any one of these companies with reference to settlement of claims, which speaks well for the management of the companies."

The reason for the success of the mutual companies is, that they have confined themselves either to a certain class of risks or to a certain locality. In so doing, the most important factor, moral hazard, has been eliminated by them, because of

## HE FOUND IT.

## Just as Recommended:

"I bought a fifty cent package of Pyramid Pile Cure from my druggist, and have used two dollar packages since. I find them just as you recommended them to be. I have not felt the least sign of piles since using your remedy three months ago. If you want to use my name you may do so, as I feel like a new man. I now have no trouble with the dreadful aggravated disease."

"I meant to write you sooner, but thought I would wait until I was cured. I thank you for your wonderful Pile Cure. I was a great sufferer from piles." Fred Deer, R. F. D. 4, New Brunswick, N. J.

Seldom, if ever, is there any doubt about the effect produced by the use of Pyramid Pile Cure, as is shown by the experience given above. The proprietors of this remedy have thousands of similar letters on file, and surely no better proof of the merit of the preparation could be asked, when it is borne in mind that these letters are wholly unsolicited, there is certainly cause for pride in the remedy.

Pyramid Pile Cure is sold by druggists for fifty cents a package, and if yours hasn't it will get it for you if asked to do so. Accept no substitutes, and remember there is no other remedy, "just as good." Everyone is urged to write the Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich., for the little book describing the causes and cure of piles, as it affords much useful information and is sent, free for the asking.

their personal knowledge of the nature of all their risks.

The first fire insurance company in England in 1606, the first fire insurance company in this country in Philadelphia in 1752, the first company in New York in 1787 were organized on the mutual plan. The case with which they could be organized, the profit which might be realized by the organizers and promoters without governmental supervision, called into existence so large a number of companies with the resultant failures and fraudulent management, that capital became a requirement, not as a necessity, but as an evidence of good faith. Still the recognition that the protection obtainable was no more than self insurance, at all times prompted the recognition of the mutual plan by such wise and just regulations which have made possible the success of the local companies in this state.

Yet, much as I should like to, I can claim for the Insurance Department of Wisconsin no greater credit than a desire at all times to assist all company officers to secure the enactment of such laws as would aid in deservingly company and shut out the undeserving schemes of the promoters. For what there is good in the laws of this state regulating the conduct of Local Mutual Insurance Companies, is to be credited entirely alone to the officers of these organizations, and whatever there is that is not good, or whatever may be placed on the statute books that are not good, the officers of these organizations will be blamed for. If the companies are kept true to their purpose—the protection of their membership with the only profit, a saving in cost to the policy-holders alike—then there never will be failure and the protection offered will always be adequate.

All the laws on our statute books are not of the best and care should be exercised to watch with great jealousy that no untried or new experiment be grafted on the statute books of this state to tempt the scheming promoter to exploit under the guise of a mutual fire insurance company any nefarious schemes which must end in failure and consequent loss to our citizens.

It was protection for the people against fraudulent and insolvent corporations, and protection for the honest company against dishonest competition which prompted the inauguration of state supervision of insurance companies.

An insurance corporation receives its authority to exist from the state, and this fact is sufficient justification for supervising the creatures of its creation. Such a supervision is particularly necessary in the case of insurance corporations, for the reason, that insurance can be conducted only by the combining together of a large number of individuals who insure themselves. Requiring certain territory and a large membership, with the possibility of but a few of the members of an insurance company to give the management personal consideration and participating the state as a duty to its citizens supervises these corporations to protect the interests of the individual policy-holder, and to guard the people from imposition. Insurance presents great opportunity for fraud and because fraudulent concerns discredit solvent companies and the business they transact, the agitation for the creation of insurance departments found its warmest and most earnest advocates among the officials of honest companies.

The first record of state requirements imposed on insurance companies, is the resolution adopted by the Massachusetts legislature in 1807 requiring insurance companies to render an account of their affairs to the next legislature.

Next, we find in New York, in 1828, the statutory assignment of insurance companies to the class of "moneyed corporations" and the requirement of annual statements to the comptroller, followed in 1851 with authority given the comptroller to make official examinations of companies.

The first law creating an insurance department was enacted in Massachusetts in 1854; the department was organized in 1855 by the appointment of three commissioners. Their compensation was five dollars per day for each and every day's attendance upon the duties of their office. They were to visit every insurance company at least once in every two years, and to report the result to the secretary of the state, and they were empowered to make all such inquiries as were necessary to ascertain the condition of such corporations and their ability to fulfill all the engagements made by them.

The law was changed to two commissioners, and again to one commissioner in 1866.

The New York Department was organized mainly as the result of the examinations made under the direction of the comptroller. From 1854 to 1859 honest companies in New York began to suffer from the competition of fraudulent concerns, and with the knowledge of the beneficial results of supervision in Massachusetts, the agitation of an insurance department began in New York, resulting in the creation of the department in 1859.

When the question arose as to the proper person to fill the position of superintendent of insurance, one of the gentlemen prominent in securing the enactment of the law said "Gentlemen, we want a man who can put the knife in it up to the hilt and turn it round until it has disengaged the rotten corporations which have disgraced our business."

Not, however, until after supervision of insurance had been given practical effect by the creation of insurance departments in Massachusetts, New York and other states, were the advocates of governmental supervision successful in securing such supervision in a modified form.

Insurance corporations are purely creatures of the law and are subject to all necessary or desirable limitations that may be applied by the state without any interference of natural rights, and in granting to companies of other states and countries the privilege of transacting businesses within its borders, the state determines the conditions upon

## EXPERT OPINION REGARDING MOBS

Professor Paul Reinsch of The University, Gives His Opinion on Russian Troubles.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 25.—Nicholas II of Russia stands before the world not as a careful and conservative statesman and ruler, but as a coward who lacks the courage in this great crisis to face his people and make use of the great influence which the wonderful loyalty of the Russian people would give to a strong man in his position. In fact he is the weakest puppet in the hands of the leaders of bureaucracy.

This description of the Czar of Russia was given by Dr. Paul S. Reinsch, professor of political science in the university of Wisconsin, and who has become considered as one of the closest observers and most reliable authorities of the far eastern question in this country. Incidentally Dr. Reinsch takes issue with President William R. Harper of the University of Chicago.

"While we can hardly expect this movement to reach the peasants in the country districts," continued Dr. Reinsch, "still the brutal massacre of last Sunday will mark a turning point in Russian history, for when blood is shed in such quantities in popular cause, that cause gains a strength in the deepest feeling of the country that no government policy can long resist. The Russian government is evidently trying to avoid the mistakes made by Louis XVI of France when the French people placed their demands before him, but a more malignant policy than it now follows cannot be well imagined. The masses of the Russian people still had a profound faith in the Czar, but that faith has been shaken and may be turned into bitter hatred by the massacre of hundreds of unarmed men and women. If the people in the depths of their distress cannot approach their emperor and talk to him face to face autocracy is ready to abdicate."

President Harper of the University of Chicago who seems, according to press reports, to act as a sponsor for the Russian system, says that the government will soon suppress the strikers, but I maintain that these men are not strikers; they are the Russian people, conscious of the great wrongs inflicted for decades upon them by the narrowest aristocracy. The government may be able to suppress the present uprising, but it can never suppress the movement for which it stands. A new era has dawned for Russia. Representative government and other reforms that are asked for by the people are safe and conservative, but whether the Russian people are ready to avail themselves of the opportunities such a system affords is a matter for conjecture.

"As far as the eastern war is concerned, I can say, as I maintained from the beginning, that the case of Russia with its internal dissensions is hopeless. It has long ago dawned upon a large portion of the Russian people that Japan is fighting their battle for them. No lasting Russian victory can be expected before the Czar's people are united under a different system than that which is at present in force. Even now there are many men in the Russian army who would rather themselves be killed than aim their weapons at the Japanese soldiers.

The struggle in Russia is like the French revolution in that it is a popular movement against the long reign of economical and social injustice. It is not like the French revolution in that the mass of the Russian people are more permeated with the rationalist idea than were the French and they have a great personal loyalty to the Czar. The wise policy of concession, therefore, would not lead to a repetition of the excesses of the French revolution, especially as the foreign feeling is entirely favorable to the popular movement, as it was not for France. A more foolish policy than that of the massacre of unarmed petitioners can hardly be imagined."

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Not, however, until after supervision

## SEES HOPE FOR RUSSIAN MASSES

ALFRED SLATER, FORMERLY OF JANESEVILLE, TALKS.

Has Visited in Land of Czar and Has Seen The Nevsky Prospect.

Alfred Slater, formerly manager of the Janesville exchange of the Wisconsin telephone company and now manager of the Beloit company in Beloit is one of the men who are wishing for the success of the revolutionists in Russia, not because the car bonists, with their portrayals of the aristocracy grinding the masses in脚下 or the correspondents with their descriptions of the slaughter of Sunday and the riots and murders of the days following have appealed to his sympathies but because he knows from observation what the real conditions are in Russia and understands what must be the horribleness of the present conflict. Mr. Slater has visited Russia and probably has made better than the great majority of people in the United States the strength and weaknesses of the people who are struggling to free themselves from the oppression of despotic bureaucratic government and a heartless, democracy.

There Is Some Hope

"I do not believe that the laborers of St. Petersburg will succeed in their struggle against the government," says Mr. Slater, "but if the uprising spreads out into other cities and into the interior, then there will be absolutely no hope of the government meeting it. In St. Petersburg there is not the loyalty to independence that is felt in other places as there are a great many poor foreigners there, and they do not have the national fervor that prevails in other portions of the empire. Let Moscow rise and Finland revolt and the crown of the Czar will not be worth a jest."

"In St. Petersburg, the common people are so awed by the great display of the military at all times that they have not the vigor for revolt that is found in other portions of the empire. They have not been in such a state of submission for so long that they do not know how to rise against the military. But in Moscow, Finland and other sections where there is a recognized revolutionary party, things are different. While in the capital, the rioters are without arms, in the other cities they could be supplied and then it would not be the one-sided slaughter that occurred last Sunday."

Army Is Not All Loyal.

"A glance into the Russian army will easily convince one," continued Mr. Slater, "that all of the regiments will not shoot down their brothers as did the troops in St. Petersburg Sunday. The regiments kept in St. Petersburg are the crack imperial guards, commanded by royalty and made up of men who have been well treated by the government for a purpose. They can hardly be expected to revolt although one regiment did ignore the orders to fire into the mob Sunday. Regiments in the interior and on the frontier, treated like slaves and recruited from the common people themselves will hardly obey such orders, in my estimation. They will more likely turn and fire into the men who have oppressed them for years."

Perfect womanhood depends on perfect health. Nature's rarest gift of physical beauty comes to all who use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Bright eyes and red cheeks follow its use. 35 cents. Smith Drug Co.

Certificate Reextending Charter, TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Office of Comptroller of the Currency.

Washington, D. C., January 13, 1905. WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "The Rock County National Bank of Janesville," located in the city of Janesville in the county of Rock and the state of Wisconsin, has complied with all the provisions of the Act of Congress "to enable National Banking Associations to extend their corporate existence, and for other purposes," approved July 12, 1862, as amended by the Act, approved April 12, 1902;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Thomas P. Kane, Deputy and Acting Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The Rock County National Bank of Janesville," located in the City of Janesville in the county of Rock and state of Wisconsin, is authorized to have succession for the period specified in its amended articles of association: namely, until close of business on January 13, 1925.

IN TESTIMONY WHERE-

SEAL: OF witness my hand and

Seal of office this Thirteenth day of January, 1905.

T. P. KANE, Deputy and Acting Comptroller of the Currency.

CHARTER NO. 749.

Extension No. 457.

Buy it in Janesville.

hundreds of years, and one can't blame them for wanting a change.

Thinks Outbreak is Futile.

"Yet I fear that this outbreak will do no good. In my judgment these poor rebels will only be mowed down by the Czar's troops, vain sacrifices to gain liberty. They are fatalists, and they will throw themselves in front of the soldiers, stolidly facing death. And when this outbreak is over they will not have advanced.

"It is wrong to compare this outbreak with the French revolution. No greater difference in racial characteristics could be imagined than between the French peasant and the Russian mount. The former is quick, alert, full of life. The Muscovite stirs him to deeds of blood. The Russian is stolid, slow, sluggish, cold. His only thought is of his church, and his fatalism leads him to go on blindly in his daily work. God has willed it he says, and continues to slave and sweat for his meager habitation. From sunrise to sunset he labors with nothing in prospect, but death."

Piso's Cure for Consumption also cures coughs, colds, sore lungs and asthma.

"Fido's Cure for Consumption also cures

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coughs, colds, sore lungs and asthma.

"Fido's Cure for Consumption also cures

coughs, colds, sore lungs

## PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE AND SKILL ALWAYS IN DEMAND.

The advantages of a Business Education to every young man or woman are so apparent that argument is unnecessary.

In these days of competition in the business world, it is folly to think of success without preparation.

Every young person knows that his value and power will be doubled—yes, quadrupled—by a practical training.

Business Education is the tool with which to hew the way to

### SUCCESS.

SOUTHERN WISCONSIN

*Business College*  
Armory Block, Janesville, Wis.

## WANT ADS.

Your taxes are not rebated for the time your house is tenanted. Probably the law assumes that you are a good advertiser.

RS. E. McCarth, 276 W. Milwaukee street, will furnish house at short notice. She always has places to girls looking for a good home, confessions and cures. New phone No. 422. Old phone, 422.

WANTED—At once—Three women cooks for hotels; also two competent girls for general housekeeping intelligence offered. Box 100, Milwaukee St., Mrs. Belle White. New phone 421.

WANTED—Competent girl for housework. Good wages. Inquire at Gazette.

WANTED—The address of a first class foundry man or mechanic. Give reference and full particulars regarding ability. Address J. Martin, 95 South Clinton st., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—Place to room and board in private family. Address A. H. Graetz.

WANTED—Orders for leather collars and whisks suitable for tailoring waists. 205 Pearl street, Ily.

WANTED—Young men to qualify for traveling position; \$10 per month to start. Call between 5 and 6 p. m., Manager Johnson, Room No. 12 Madison Home, W. Milwaukee St.

WANTED—Six ladies, to advertise; \$1 a day. Short hours, pleasant work. Call at 60 N. Jackson St., at once.

TRIMMERS WANTED—Ten trimmers at once on automobile and carriage bodies. Racine Novelty Mfg. Co., Racine, Wis.

WANTED—Good girl for general house-work. Mrs. H. H. Miss, 165 Jackson st., corner South Second St.

WANTED—Shoemakers to stay away from Chicago. E. S. Taylor, Secretary.

WANTED—Two experienced sewing machine operators at the Lewis Quilting Co., on South Main St.

WANTED—About 15 tons of clover hay, to be trucked or delivered. Goo. Woodruff, Route No. 7, Janesville.

### FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Modern flats; hot water heat. Also good houses cheap. Apply to F. H. Snyder, corner Main and 3rd, Milwaukee St.

FOR RENT—A two-chair barber shop. Always been occupied as such. Business in city. Address C. F. Lamb, Brothman, W. Milwaukee St.

FOR RENT—A large, furnished front room, large enough for two; hot water heat and bath. 202 W. Milwaukee street.

FOR RENT—Ten room house on N. Academy street. Inquire of D. Brummond, 213 Tropic street.

FOR RENT, Feb. 1—Store No. 63 South Main street, known as the Park Candy Store. Apply no inquiries.

### FOR SALE

INVESTMENTS—PER CENT—Taylor & Lowell Mfg. Co., Philadelphia, interest payable January 1st, for 7 per cent. For sale, one year, in small or large certificates 7 per cent.

15 PER CENT—For sale, end lot No. 15 111 North River street. With little expense can be converted into four flats. Will pay 15 per cent.

25 PER CENT—For sale, two lots on Armory street, Milwaukee. Addition for \$75 worth \$1,000 in the sale.

OPPORTUNITY—For a man with some money to secure for himself a permanent good position as sales agent, with a good prospective local manufacturing concern. E. W. LOWELL, No. 4 Carpenter Block.

FOR SALE—Twenty acres of 1000 bushels in bushels, and six acres of 1000 bushels in bushels, 1000 bushels of Winter Little, Evansville, Route 17, Lodiend road.

SCENEDE SISTERS—Two Crean—A business lot, 1000 bushels and 1000 bushels of Winter Little, Evansville, Route 17, Lodiend road.

FOR SALE—Four pairs of st. m. horses, weight about 1000 lbs. each. Inquire of Winter Little, Evansville, Route 17, Lodiend road.

FOR SALE—Some very fine new and second hand east and west ranges. Also good storage for horses and goods. W. J. Cawson, 133 West Milwaukee St.

FOR SALE—Two dressers, couch, coal stove, two large rugs, kitchen table, dishes. Inquire of V. M. C. A. office.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—A cutter in good repair. Inquire of F. A. Spoon, at elevator, opposite C. M. & St. P. depot.

FOR SALE—Good horse; weight 1150 lbs. Cheap if taken at once. 203 Washington street.

### MALE HELP WANTED

OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT—Without danger to your present condition, we assure you of a great opportunity which you are sure to find no matter where located. Our brokers tell how we can bring your ability to the attention of hundreds of employers who need high grade men for executive positions, ranging from \$1,000 to \$5,000 a year. Offices in 22 cities.

Hopgoods (Inc.), Brain Brokers  
1313 Hartford Building, Chicago

Peter Johnson was found hanging to a rafter in the barn on his ranch at Chehalis, Wash. He came to Chehalis three years ago from Preston, Ia.

### ELGIN BUTTER MARKET

(Special Telegram.) Elgin, Ill., Jan. 23.—Twenty-five tubs offered, but no sales. Butter firm at 29 1/2¢. Output of week, 432,400 lbs.

**Allen's Best Cough Medicine**  
Safe, Sure, Prompt  
Guilty of Murder.

Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 26.—Charles Denier was convicted of murder by a jury in the Supreme Court. Denier, a widower, and Johanna Freier, an aged couple.

## ...Forty Years Ago...

Janesville Daily Gazette, Thursday, January 26, 1865.—A Slippery Subject.—We understand that a young man employed in the School Land Office at Madison, let a snug little fortune slip through his fingers recently. He had been possessed of certain hilly and unattractive land in Pennsylvania for some time, but had never regarded them of much more value than the interest in a patent right that will answer to trade upon. Recently, however, a man came out from Brooklyn, New York, and got a bond for the deed of said land for a small consideration. Now it turns out that the lands are rich in oil and the ore supposed to be worth the little trifle of \$2,000.

Imagine the young man's feelings.

The Wimmerfest Concert.—The advertisement of the noted musicians who give a concert tomorrow evening in Lappin's hall, has doubtless attracted the attention of our citizens. Those who attend will enjoy a rich musical treat unquestionably.

Cold.—This has been one of the most tedious days of winter. A piercing west wind has been blowing all day, making all the out door oil

operations most disagreeable.

Accident to a Member of the Legislature.—We regret to state that Thomas Weaver, a member of the assembly from Waushara county, cut his foot so severely while at home a few days since, that he will be unable to resume his seat for several weeks.

Going to Grant.—The Nashville correspondent of the Chicago Journal says those troops that have recently been detached from General Thomas' army, the 23d corps and parts of the 15th and 17th corps, are not on their way to Sherman but to Grant in Virginia.

Another Rebel Ram.—A letter from Plymouth, N. C., says that the rebels have launched a new ram at Halifax, and are putting her in fighting condition. Our forces are preparing a possible attack upon the barricades, and a dam has been thrown across the river half a mile above Plymouth.

The new three cent notes, which have appeared in small quantities, have a likeness of Washington upon their faces, with the figure three in relief on a shield in each of the upper corners.

EAST PORTER

East Porter, Jan. 26.—Don't fail to attend Rev. Dr. Smith's lecture on "Facts, Fun, Fools and Folly," at Edgerton, evening January 27, at Edgerton.

We feel assured that you will feel glad that you went and will have many good things to think of for a long time to come.

The cold weather which Hicks predicted for the last week in January reached us last Tuesday and accompanied by the high wind made it very disagreeable.

Quite a number from here attended the burial of Grandma Saxby in Edgerton last Friday. Many more would have gone had the services been held there and the hour been known.

The Ladies Aid Society which was to have met at Mrs. Frank Sayre's last Tuesday was very poorly attended owing to the stormy day.

Charles and Edith Raymond attended church in Janesville last Sunday, and went to Beloit and visited relatives.

Mr. Joseph Longhnan delivered a nice bunch of cattle to Edgerton parties last Tuesday.

Frances and William Gardner and Robert Bentley and Frank Pease attended a Senior class party at the home of Mr. Penn Brown in Edgerton last Saturday evening. They were delightfully entertained.

Rev. Smith went to his home in Chicago last Monday and expects to return Friday.

Robert Peach has purchased a fine new Portland cutter.

FIRST CLASS Home Soakers' Excursion on Tuesday, January 28th, to the famous St. Francis Valley in Missouri and Arkansas.

Delightful climate, richest soil in the world; farms being occupied as such. Business in town, the center of a coal field, and in rich farming district. It is a new town just built, and the only one in the community. A fortune for some young enterprising man with a small amount of capital. SCOTT & SHERMAN, Fire Insurance, Real Estate and Loans, Room 2 Phoenix Block, Janesville, Wis.

### FOR SALE

Only a few clinton free Homesteads left. If you are interested, look this up.

We have a large list of farms for sale, all farms.

One of the best farms in the state will be sold on easy terms. A good proposition.

CHANGE FOR YOUNG MAN—To Go In Business For Himself:

We want to have a young man put in a bright, clean stock of power machinery in a small town, but not in a city, for two, three, and four months; with new furnace, in a live working town, the center of a coal field, and in a rich farming district. It is a new town just built, and the only one in the community. A fortune for some young enterprising man with a small amount of capital. SCOTT & SHERMAN, Fire Insurance, Real Estate and Loans, Room 2 Phoenix Block, Janesville, Wis.

### MISCELLANEOUS

MONEY TO LOAN—Any amount on real estate without commission. Inquire at S. D. Grubb's clothing store.

QST.—Between Nash's grocery store and J. S. Schott's general store, two stories, containing a hardware and drug store, with new furnace and fixtures, with new furnace, in a live working town, the center of a coal field, and in a rich farming district. It is a new town just built, and the only one in the community. A fortune for some young enterprising man with a small amount of capital. SCOTT & SHERMAN, Fire Insurance, Real Estate and Loans, Room 2 Phoenix Block, Janesville, Wis.

### QST.—A pair of spectacles, no Milton avone

L. or Park Place. Finder please return to Gazette office.

QST.—A pair of spectacles, no Milton avone

L. or Park Place. Finder please return to Gazette office.

QST.—A fox terrier puppy; white marked with brown and brown face. Answers to the name of "Terry." Finder please return to Miss Scott, at Oak Hill cemetery, Howard.

QST.—A pocket book between the V. M. C. & Fire Point. Finder leave at Gazette office.

### FIRST CLASS

Home Soakers' Excursion on

Tuesday, January 28th, to the famous

St. Francis Valley in Missouri and Arkansas.

The social at Mr. Chas. White's

was very largely attended by people from Fulton and this vicinity. Also quite a number from Edgerton and Cooksville. Miss Taylor of Broadhead delighted the company with a number of recitations. She is an elocutionist of rare ability. After the program coffee and doughnuts were served and then the company dispersed feeling that they had spent a very profitable evening.

### EVANSVILLE

(SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE)

Evansville, Jan. 26.—Mr. Walter Tomlin, aged about thirty eight years, died at his home about five miles west of this city Friday night of diabetes. The deceased leaves a wife and three children. The funeral services were held at the late home Monday afternoon and the remains were laid at rest in the cemetery in this city.

Mr. Harry Benney of Beloit spent Sunday and Monday with relatives and friends in this city.

Mrs. Henry Asmus has been spending the week with her sister, Mrs. Harry Austin, at Baraboo.

Miss Ella Lamb of Brooklyn spent the first of the week with relatives in this city.

H. H. Blood of Milwaukee, a former resident of this city, called on friends here the forepart of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Dremer of Brooklyn were in the city Monday.

### TOWN OF BELOIT

Town of Beloit, Jan. 26.—Albert Thompson sold his driving horse market day.

Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Halley entered about thirty-five friends from Newark last Tuesday evening. The evening was spent in playing checkers, Sherlock Holmes, and Dorothy, after which an oyster supper was served and at a late hour "good night" was said.

Swain Bros. of the Willford farm are hauling hay.

Mrs. Hylah Eldredge of Afton visited at her brother's the first of the week.

Fred H. Elford bought the team of blue roan drivers of the Pollard estate.

Frank Mewet returned Thursday

from a three weeks visit with relatives at Mayville, Wis.

Fred S. Eldredge delivered a load of wood in Janesville Thursday.

Edvard Greenberg is entertaining an unwelcome visitor "Lagrippe."

Miller & Humphrey, hog buyers, of Afton, were around Monday.

Emery Dunbar of Hanover was looking for hogs Monday.

Miss Ida Johnson went to Beloit

Saturday where she expects to remain during the summer.

H. Knill finished filling his ice house last week.

Messrs. Jackson, Kendig, Roden and Pollard delivered cattle at Afton Monday.

A. J. Lunn and son Charles delivered hogs in Hanover Tuesday.

Gilbert Gravdale and Fred Olson delivered hogs at Hanover Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Racey entertained company from Beloit last Wednesday evening.

Miss May Jones entertained company last Saturday.

### FOR FINE THINGS

Linens, Laces, Doilies and the like, that should be rubbed only with the hands, there is nothing so good as Peosta, because Peosta gets the dirt without injury to the fabric.

Peosta cleans fine fabrics and whitewashes them as no other soap will.

Five bars in a handy carton, 25¢, at all grocery stores.

### Use Beach's Peosta Soap

## THE JANESEVILLE GAZETTE.

Entered at the post office at Janesville, Wisconsin, as second class mail matter.

## TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION

Daily Edition—By Carrier

One Year.....\$6.00

One Month.....\$1.00

One Year, cash in advance.....\$6.00

Six Months, cash in advance.....\$3.00

Three Months, cash in advance.....\$1.25

## Daily Edition—By Mail

CASH IN ADVANCE

One Year.....\$4.00

Six Months.....\$2.00

One Year—Rural delivery in Rock Co. 3.00

Six Months—Rural delivery in Rock

County.....1.50

WEEKLY EDITION—One Year.....1.50

Long Distance Telephone, No. 77

Business Office.....77.2

Editorial Rooms.....77.3



Fair tonight: snow flurries Friday; warmer.

The people who buy "doubtful eggs" because they are cheaper; suspicious butter at a cost-saving—blemished fruit because they get more for their money—will be apt to select advertising mediums on the same plan.

## MORE LIGHT ON PORT ARTHUR.

Strange tales come from Port Arthur. Correspondents have entered the place with the victorious Japanese army for the first time since the siege began. They give a very different story from all that we have heard hitherto. They say that the surrender evidently was not necessary. The new town had been little damaged. The supply of ammunition was not exhausted. Food was scarce, but not so scarce that private supplies had been requisitioned. A part of the fortress was capable of defense for months longer. Above all, there were still 31,000 effective troops, whose officers, or some of them, were desirous of still holding out. The intimation, indeed the direct statement, is that General Stoezel caused a needless surrender against the opposition of his officers.

Atchison Globe: If a bachelor is rich, he learns in every letter from his sister that her children ask God to "bless dear uncle" every night. El Paso Herald: Madame Thebaud, fashionable seer of Paris, predicts a Wall Street panic this year. Tom Lawson has evidently been translated into French.

Oshkosh Northwestern: A prominent French scientist has sprung the theory that dyspepsia can be cured by smiling. But how in the world is a man going to smile when he has dyspepsia?

Madison Journal: Robert M. La Follette will be the next United States Senator from Wisconsin. The honor comes to him as the climax of many years of fighting and successive victories. He is a winner—he gets things.

Chicago Record Herald: One of the university professors says: "Life is the result of purely physical and chemical forces irrespective of any divine or vital force." In a good many cases it is the result of care in keeping away from grade crossings.

JOURNAL: Peoria, Ill., is in an uproar because the city council wants to give the electric light and gas company a fifty year franchise for the sole consideration of the wires being placed under ground. But it is the duty of city councils to require this anyhow.

Milwaukee Journal: What may the people of a city reasonable expect from their aldermen? Intelligent comprehension of the needs and best interests of the community? A willingness, or even an inclination to try to understand, at least in part, the questions which come before them? It seems not in Milwaukee.

Evening Wisconsin: All admit that Governor La Follette will make a brilliant senator. He has the education, the valuable experience of six years in the House of Representatives; and he has the ability and the vim to make himself felt—wherever he happens to move, and therefore should be effective as a representative of the great commonwealth of Wisconsin.

Exchange: Senator Spooner has been getting a lot of fun out of a conundrum which was recently propounded to him. It is cleverer than most things of the kind and the senator enjoys trying it on others to see whether they will fall, as he did. This is the conundrum: "Which has more feet—one cat or no cat?" Of course everybody gives it up; whereupon Mr. Spooner gives the answer: "No cat, of course. One cat has four feet. No cat has five feet."

Everybody's Magazine: Arthur Evans, the Oxford archeologist, who has made so many interesting discoveries in the so-called palace of Minos, in Crete, has found in a subterranean sanctuary certain very ancient, small earthenware statuettes, representing some goddess and two of her servants. The dress of the figure is said to be highly modern. The goddess, we grieve to say, wears a corset—just such a corset as contemporary man shilly wonders at in the windows of a department store.

Fond du Lac Commonwealth: "Public Opinion" has commenced the publication of a series of articles on "Lawson Answered," which give promise of much interest. The services of Dennis Donahoe, financial editor of the New York Commercial, have been secured for this work, and the opening article, which appears in the current number, is an index of what is to follow they will prove good reading. The public is entitled to know both sides of the question after which it may judge for itself. There can be no question as to Mr.

which he is about to redeem. Wisconsin needs him. He knows it, and the people know it. The nation is also waiting for him, but the nation can wait. The state must be saved if it takes all summer.

A merry war is being waged whether the Milwaukee Free Press shall have a bit of the official paper that comes from state printing or whether the Wisconsin State Journal shall suck the lemon dry.

The Free Press has yet much to learn about politics when it asks for or tries to make any explanations of Senator Whitehead's vote for La Follette for senator.

The eyes of Germany, Austria and England are turned towards the White Czars realms with anxious inquiry.

Those bombs have not yet been shot off in St. Petersburg, but they may be at any early date.

The Japs are reported to have lost a few vessels in a sea fight. The report is only a rumor as yet.

Italy has a few anarchists as well as Russia. Perhaps something may be doing there also.

Russia is learning that there is such a thing as a limit to human endurance.

Wisconsin has a new United States Senator elect—with a string to him.

## PRESS COMMENT.

Green Bay Gazette: In tragic tones the Hudson Observer exclaims "Governor La Follette, the front calls you"! And the front is Governor La Follette.

Chicago Tribune: Governor La Follette's practical wisdom is to be commended, also, in his preferring a \$30,000 job to a \$10,000 job.

Milwaukee News: With La Follette serving as Spooner's colleague, senatorial courtesy will be subject to a cruel strain.

Atchison Globe: If a bachelor is rich, he learns in every letter from his sister that her children ask God to "bless dear uncle" every night.

El Paso Herald: Madame Thebaud, fashionable seer of Paris, predicts a Wall Street panic this year. Tom Lawson has evidently been translated into French.

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## INFORMATION AS TO JANESEVILLE

St. Paul Road is Making Particular Inquiries at Pres ent.

James H. Hilland, third vice-president of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road, is anxious to learn all he can of Janesville and the conditions that exist to make this an ideal center for manufacturing and residences. Just what this will mean to Janesville in the future can be understood when it is known that Mr. Hilland purposed to have this information printed in book form for the benefit of future investors who are looking for good cities to locate industries in. It will mean that in the future investors will have the benefit of seeing just what sort of a city Janesville is and before seeking locations elsewhere will investigate the field here. The communication and questions asked by Mr. Hilland are as follows:

## The Communication

We are constantly in receipt of letters from investors and manufacturers in all parts of the United States requesting information as to the feasibility and advisability of locating new industrial plants on the lines of the C. M. & St. P. R. Y. Will you please furnish the information asked for in this circular in regard to your town? Accuracy in this matter is essential. Our project is to tabulate the information received from all agents under the heads of the various commodities and to disseminate the same in manufacturing, commercial and banking circles, with the view of attracting capital and new industries to the towns and cities of the great middle west.

We would suggest that you talk this matter over with your local newspaper men, as they are unusually well posted on town affairs. Publicity is desirable. If your town has a business men's association, we shall be glad to hear from any of its members on any matters affecting our mutual interests. J. H. HILLAND, Third Vice-President.

## The Questions

Population?

What is the county seal?

tributary population outside of town limit?

Predominating nationalities?

Principal pursuits of surrounding country?

Railroads in town?

Name of local newspapers?

Has town waterworks?

Has town electric light or gas?

Has town paid fire-department?

Has town telephone exchange?

Name of secretary of business

men's association or commercial club?

What opportunities for new industries? Give reasons? Show in order named firms at present engaged in such business?

Natural advantages, such as water-power, quarries, mineral deposits, timber (what kind)?

Present principal industries on or tributary to what tracks?

General remarks?

## RATE WAR FOR GRAIN PRODUCTS

Milwaukee & St. Paul and Great Western Will Wage

Bitter Conflict.

One of the most bitter struggles in the history of the railroads operating west of Chicago was inaugurated this morning when the Chicago, Great Western and Milwaukee & St. Paul companies gave notice of a material reduction on the charges of transportation of grain intended for export from trans-Missouri river points to the east. The storm which broke yesterday is the result of three months' quarreling between the officers of the roads east and west of the Missouri river over export rates. Some time ago the Missouri Pacific reduced its export rates from Omaha to the gulf ports to 14 cents per ton.

ringing when I came down at seven and I fully believe I had fifty calls inside the hour. Sometimes both phones would ring at once and while I would answer one the other would jingle away. The usual thud—frozen pipes. Too cold last night even if the water was turned off. Four below brings our business up to the limit of endurance. However, they do not last long and we make hay while the sun shines."

PLUMBERS BUSY WITH BAD PIPES

Many Calls for Aid at the Shops

Early This Morning—Too

Cold Weather.

Plumbers were the men who were rushed this morning. As soon as the shops were open the calls began to come in. One prominent shop-owner said: "The telephone bells were

CHICAGO MARKETS

G. Searle Resident Director.

Chicago, January 25, 1905.

Dear Sirs:—On so

WANTED—Experienced shop fitter at our

Watertown factory. Shop-work guaranteed. Special inducements offered to good

workmen. Books & Tools Since Ce.

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TREASURER TOWNSEND, TOWN OF MAGNOLIA, FIRST TO PAY

A. F. Townsend of the town of

Magnolia is the first of the town

treasurers to make a settlement with the county treasurer. He paid the

state tax for his district on the 23d.

C. S. Boynton of the town of Bradford paid the state and part of the county

tax today.

Phone for a pound and we'll deliver it. Money refunded if not satisfied.

Rich in flavor and of good strength.

Delights those whom we know to be judges of Coffee.

25 Cents

—IS—

"Golden

Blend"

Rich in flavor and of good strength.

Delights those whom we know to be judges of Coffee.

25 Cents

In 5 lb. lots 23 cents a pound.

Janesville

Business College,

Jackman Building.

Corner Main and Milwaukee Sts.

During the months of January and February pupils will be received, at one-half the regular price. Entire course of six months—\$20. Instruction is exactly the same as heretofore given at \$40. Hundreds of our graduates are holding paying positions. Catalogue mailed free.

JANESEVILLE SPICE COMPANY

Milwaukee Street Bridge

Both 'Phones.

25c DINNERS

For Extra Large Men.

Quick lunches if you want them.

We are getting the business because we search the markets to find the best things.

HILTON'S LUNCH ROOM

One Block from Corn Exchange

On North Franklin St.

FOR COLDS

MENTHOL DROPS

ASHLAND DROPS

HOARHOUND

LEMON DROPS

PEPPERMINT DROPS and

COUGH DROPS

Better than medicine, and

pleasing to the taste; will cure that hacking cough instantly.

All our candy made fresh

each day.

JANESEVILLE CANDY KITCHEN

The Blue Front Store

Dry

Wood

DID YOU EVER GET HOT TRY-

ING TO BURN WOOD THAT WOULD

## BADGER STATE CO.

## IS A SURE COMER

COMMITTEE OF BUSINESS MEN REPORT FINDINGS.

## ENTHUSED OVER PROSPECTS

These Men say That Citizens Should Leave No Stone Unturned To Keep the Concern in Janesville.

At a meeting of the Janesville Business Men's association, held in the parlors of the Myers house last evening, the question of lending a helping hand to the Badger State Machine Co. and thereby forestalling their possible removal from the city, was thoroughly discussed. Michael Hayes, the vice president of the association, presided at the session. He stated briefly that this concern had been doing good business in Janesville and the securing of larger quarters in which to carry it on had become imperative. He first called on John L. Fisher, attorney for the manufacturer, to explain the situation in detail.

## Need Space and Foundry

The latter said that in order to take care of its increasing business the concern he represented, now located in the narrow quarters of the old Cotton Co.'s office building on River street, must have more space. A foundry had also become a necessity. Every week a carload of castings had to be made outside of Janesville, and during the month of December \$1,000 was paid out to the Thompson factory in Beloit. It took four or five men working continuously to get out these castings. A half cent a pound could be saved by making them at home and the delay element in deliveries, due to the time consumed in taking patterns to Beloit, getting the castings made and brought here by rail, could be obviated. It was the purpose of the concern, in case a foundry was built here, to make it large enough to handle outside work in addition to its own and assurances had been received at Beloit that as much work would be turned over to the Janesville company from that city as was now being taken there from here.

## Would Employ Thirty Men

With a foundry and the right kind of equipment the company could guarantee the employment of at least twenty-five men for five years, and give reasonable assurances that this number would be increased to thirty-five or forty the first year. Skilled machinists, receiving good wages and able to buy homes and support families, were the kind of men employed. The Badger State Machine Co. felt that it ought to have a site and some assistance in building a factory. If \$2,000 and an acre of ground could be secured the concern would start building its shops and foundry the first thing in the spring.

## Character of Output

The concern manufactured high grade punches and shears and wood working machinery. It had the services of one of the finest pattern-makers in the country, a man whose patterns were so made that all the iron was in the machine. Only one machine had ever been returned. For these reasons their manufactures met with favor in the eyes of the jobbers and the business had grown. Only yesterday an order had come for one of the \$900 machines.

## Substantial Factories

A. E. Bingham, secretary of the association, said that most of the successful factories in the country had started in a small way. The progress already made by the concern in question seemed to show that they had a line of manufacturers that could be increased. If the Badger State Machine Co. had outgrown its present quarters and was going to rebuild, the new factory was wanted here. The object of the association was to build up the city and one of the most effective ways was to help those at home who need help. He moved the appointment of a committee of three to look into the books and assets of the company and if they should find the industry worthy, to recommend that help be extended. After that, as soon as it was learned how much money would be needed, he suggested that the chair appoint committees to solicit subscriptions to a fund on both sides of the river. The speaker believed that what little help this concern asked could be extended.

## Committee Appointed

H. F. Bliss said that he believed the concern had the foundation for a fine business and that it was not unlikely that with a new equipment it would soon be employing 50 men instead of 25. He also believed that it would be better to make an effort to keep this factory here than to waste time and money on outside concerns of which little or nothing was known. James Fifeid testified to the quality of the output of the Badger State Co., calling special attention to a swing saw which he had in use. P. J. Mouat predicted that the company, if it stayed here, would be doing as big a business as the Doty works in the course of a few years. The committee appointed to visit the factory consisted of H. F. Bliss, P. J. Mouat, and James Fifeid. The inspection was made this morning and following is the report:

## Most Favorable Report

The committee appointed by the Business Men's association to investigate the Badger Machine company, met at the office of the company this morning and were cheerfully furnished with information by Secretary Nowlan. The company is capitalized for \$10,000. The assets are as follows:

Machinery account ..... \$5000 Stock on hand ..... 2000 Accounts receivable ..... 3500 Cash on hand ..... 1400 Patterns ..... 2500

Total ..... \$14,400

Liabilities ..... \$1000

The company has orders enough on its books to keep the factory busy for three months. These orders come from Philadelphia to California and are mostly from jobbers.

What the company needs and must have is a foundry and larger machine shop. This building will cost equip-

ped from \$8,000 to \$9,000. The city of Rochelle, Ill., offers to give them a site and \$7,000 for a building, and while the offer is tempting the company prefers to stay in Janesville. They feel, however, that the citizens should be willing to help them to the extent of site and \$2,000, and a committee will be appointed to see what can be done. If a new enterprise wanted to come to Janesville and agreed to employ 25 skilled workmen there would be plenty of enthusiasm. This home industry is entitled to the same consideration. It is the making of a big business and with the right equipment 100 men should find employment in a reasonable time. Let everybody lend a hand.

## THE WEATHER

Temperature last 24 hours taken from U. S. registered thermometer at Helmstreet's drugstore: highest, 23 above; lowest, 4 below; then at 3 p. m., 23 above; at 7 a. m., 2 below; wind, southeast; sunshine.

## LODGE MEETINGS TONIGHT

Janesville Commandery No. 2, Knights Templar, at Masouic hall. Ben Hur Court No. 1, Tribe of Ben Hur, at East Side Odd Fellows' hall. Janesville Lodge No. 171, Daughters of Rebekah, at West Side Odd Fellows' hall.

## FUTURE EVENTS

Hummlein Imperial Stock Co. appears at Myers theatre tonight in "Slaves of the Mine." Those interested in forming a baseball team meet at Grand Hotel Friday evening, Jan. 27. Dr. Beaton of Chicago lectures at the high school auditorium Friday evening, Jan. 27, on "Scotland in Song and Story."

## LATE LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF

Fresh fish. Nash Trout and pike. Taylor Bros. Nice warm business lunch every morning at the Empire hotel annex. Van Camp's pumpkin pie, 5c. Nash. Attending the masquerade, K. O. T. M., at Assembly hall, tonight.

Trout and pike. Taylor Bros. Fresh herring. K. &amp; McK. Burns' annual dance Friday evening. The finest potatoes yet. Taylor Bros.

Fresh steak trout. K. &amp; McK. Fresh caught trout. Nash.

George King is in Chicago today. Pilsbury's Best Flour, being the standard, is the one most imitated.

It is the flour of which grocers who do not keep it, say other flours are just as good. F. A. Spoon &amp; Co., Millers Agent.

Corner Stone, the best patent flour on earth, \$1.60. Nash.

Trout and pike. Taylor Bros.

Attend the masquerade, K. O. T. M., at Assembly hall, tonight.

All ladies will be interested in reading the advertisement on this page regarding the art of cooking and service.

Fresh pickerel. K. &amp; McK. 100 cloaks, formerly sold from \$7.50 to \$12.50, now for \$2.39. T. P. Burns. Old phone 3003, new phone 237. K. &amp; McK.

Fancy navel oranges, 35c peck. Taylor Bros.

Everybody come and have a good time at the annual masquerade to be given by the Rock River Tent No. 51, Knights of the Maccabees, at Assembly hall, Thursday, Jan. 26th. Music by Baldwin &amp; Rehfeld's orchestra. Ladies' tickets, 25c; gentlemen, 50c. E. D. Kennedy of Chicago was the guest of Janesville friends today.

Attend the masquerade, K. O. T. M., at Assembly hall, tonight.

150 cloaks, which formerly sold from \$12.50 to \$20, now for \$4.67. T. P. Burns.

Crown patent flour, \$1.50. Nash.

Fresh builtheads. K. &amp; McK.

Get your fish order in early. Nash.

Pillsbury's Best Flour makes the bread that has substance to it. None know this better than the wives and daughters of working men. F. A. Spoon &amp; Co., Millers Agent.

Best 25c coffee on earth.

Best 50c tea on earth. Nash.

Albert Schaefer went to Chicago this morning.

Attend the masquerade, K. O. T. M., at Assembly hall, tonight.

Crown patent flour, \$1.50. Nash.

Fresh perch. K. &amp; McK.

Attend the masquerade, K. O. T. M.

Corner Stone, the best patent flour on earth, \$1.60. Nash.

At Assembly hall, tonight.

The finest olive oil imported. Nash.

Wanted—A 7-room house, with modern conveniences, preferably 3d ward. Address C. M. Gazette.

Home grown lettuce. Nash.

Pillsbury's Best Flour, being made of Hard Spring Wheat, will absorb more water when dough is prepared than will other flour, and will keep moist (fresh) longer. F. A. Spoon &amp; Co., Millers Agent.

Edward J. Smith is in Chicago today.

H. G. bread, cookies and doughnuts. Nash.

Oysters are fresh and ripe.

Attend the masquerade, K. O. T. M., at Assembly hall, tonight.

2 firelight matches, 5c. Nash.

Don't miss the Burns dance at Central hall, Friday night.

Fresh fish for Friday. K. &amp; McK.

Keep Friday evening for the Burns dance at Central hall.

Doll House matches, 3c. Nash.

Acorn brand pig pork sausage, H. G. and finer than silk. Nash.

Home cookery store at Mrs. Woodstock's millinery store Saturday.

Van Camp's pumpkin pie, 5c can. Nash.

Haynor and Mr. Dunham.

Burns Dance.

Don't forget to attend the annual

Burns dance at Central hall, Friday

evening; Kellogg &amp; Conroy's orchestra; tickets, 50 cents; check room free. Everybody come and have a good time.

Color Blindness.

The most common form of color

blindness is an inability to distinguish red.

## WAS POISONED BY SAMPLE CAPSULES

Mrs. Church, of Ruger Avenue, Swallowed Butter-Coloring, Believing It To Be Medicine.

Several days ago Mrs. Church, who resides at 11½ Ruger avenue, used for medicinal purposes two capsules which she supposed to contain cascara, left in an unlabeled packet, supposedly for advertising purposes, on her porch. In reality they were samples of a preparation used for coloring butter. Almost immediately the woman was seized with violent sickness. Dr. James Mills was called and has been attending her this week. She is now out of danger. While the preparation is probably not poisonous when used in small quantities, two capsules of it would in all likelihood be sufficient to end life for a child. Dr. Mills thinks the instance should be a warning to people not to use the advertising samples of drugs left on their premises.

## LITTLE HAPKE GIRL IN ST. PETERSBURG

Eleven-Year-Old Daughter of Sugar Factory Man Is Visiting in Russian Capital—Some Anxiety.

Julia Hapke, eleven-year-old daughter of Theodore Hapke, who had charge of the work of erecting the sugar factory here, is supposed to be visiting with relatives in the residence portion of St. Petersburg, Russia, not far from the scene of the recent riots. Some anxiety is naturally felt concerning her. The young lad departed from Janesville last December in company with an aunt, and after a short visit in Germany, the two left for the Russian capital, intending to visit with relatives there until it came time to return to Chicago where Mr. Hapke's family is now residing. Letters have been received from the two since their arrival there but these were apparently written before the approaching outbreak of the masses was foreseen.

## INSTALLATION OF R. N. A. OFFICERS

Was Followed by an Oyster Supper Served at West Side Hall.

Last Evening.

Crystal Camp No. 132, Royal Neighbors of America, held their installation ceremonies at the west side hall last evening. Following the lodge work an oyster supper was served.

Mrs. Anna Morse installed the following:

Oracle—Mrs. Alice E. Mason.

Vice oracle—Mrs. Mary Webster.

Chancellor—Mrs. Mary Caniff.

Recorder—Mrs. Victoria Potter.

Receiver—Mrs. Sallie Lathers.

Marshal—Miss Gertrude Gray.

Asst. Mar.—Miss Anna Taylor.

I. S.—Mrs. Mary Wood.

O. S.—Mrs. Esther A. Bidwin.

Manager for three years—T. D. Donnelly.

Manager for two years—Mrs. Margaret Huynke.

MEDICAL SOCIETY TO MEET THIS EVENING

Dr. James Mills Will Act as Leader, and Interesting Program Has Been Prepared.

Dr. James Mills will act as leader at the meeting of the Rock County Medical society at Central hall this evening. Several physicians from Beloit are expected and an interesting program has been prepared. Papers will be read by Dr. Russell J. C. Bennett of Beloit on "Chronic Bronchitis," and by Dr. J. F. Pember on "Influenza."

## TRIBUTES TO THE MEMORY OF IMMORTAL POET BURNS

The Occasion of His Birthday Anniversary Observed by Guests of Wm. Buchanan.

Loyal Scotchmen commemorated Robert Burns' birthday at the home of William Buchanan, 58 Oakland avenue, last evening. At midnight a repast of Scotch haggis, potato soups, oat cakes, soda scones, and Scotch toddy was served. James Gardner acting as master of ceremonies. All the toasts were in the nature of tributes to the immortal poet of the people. A delightful evening was enjoyed by all present.

## LOCAL SHOE WORKERS WARNED TO AVOID SCENE OF STRIKE

Financial Secretary Edwin Falter Gets a Notice from Headquarters.

By a notice from President John F. Tobin of the Boot &amp; Shoe Makers' union, sent out from the Boston headquarters, the local branch has been warned to take no part in the trouble at the J. E. Thi &amp; Co. factory in Chicago where three hundred men and women are now out on a strike. The notice came to Financial Secretary Edwin Falter and he has communicated the same to the local union.

## OBITUARY.

Mrs. Julia Estes

The remains of the late Mrs. Julia Estes of Cincinnati arrived in Janesville yesterday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock on the St. Paul road and were taken to the chapel where services were held. The ceremonies were conducted by Marshal P. Richardson of the First Church of Christ, Scientist in this city. Interment was in Oak Hill cemetery and the pallbearers were W. Phillips, Percy McGee, J. Haynor and Mr. Dunham.

## BURNS DANCE

Don't forget to attend the annual

Burns dance at Central hall, Friday

evening; Kellogg &amp; Conroy's orchestra;

tickets, 50 cents; check room free. Everybody come and have a good time.

Color Blindness.

The most common form of color

blindness is an inability to distinguish red.

## JANESEVILLE NOW DIVISION HEAD

IS END OF COAL ROAD OF C. M. &amp; ST. P. R. R.

## MANY NEW FAMILIES IN CITY

Thirty-Five More Men Employed by Road in This City Than Formerly.

Janesville is now the head of the Rock &amp; Southern, commonly called the coal road, a division of the C. M. &amp; St. P. R. R., running into the soft coal section of Illinois. Thirty employees, formerly residents of Daviess Junction and Rockford, have moved to this city and five more men are in the employ of the St. Paul road in this city than before the change was made.

## Reasons for Change

Rockford and Davis Junction have been the heads of the division up till recently and the change was made to have the division nearer the regulation length—one hundred and fifty miles—and to get better service in the distribution of coal throughout the various divisions and points of the road.

## Results of Change

Rockford and Davis Junction have been the heads of the division up till recently and the change was made to have the division nearer the regulation length—one hundred and fifty miles—and to get better service in the distribution of coal throughout the various divisions and points of the road.

## A New Freight Train



## THE MINORITY

By FREDERICK TREVOR HILL  
Author of "The Case and Exceptions," etc.

(Copyright, 1902, by Frederick T. Hill &amp; Co.)

"That's all right; but do you know how important Kennard is?"

"I don't think I underestimate him."

"But you know, don't you, that the thing can't go through without him?"

"I certainly do not."

"Do you mean to say you would attempt it in the face of his opposition?"

"Most assuredly. If for no other reason, as a means of obtaining his cooperation."

Mr. Croyden looked toward the window with a quiet smile.

"I don't believe you know the man you're dealing with," he answered after a pause. "You will pardon me, Mr. Harlan, if I say that had I been engineering this deal I would have begun with Kennard and let the others follow. He's not accustomed to following."

Mr. Harlan gazed calmly into the shrewd face of his young critic, but there was a pleasant smile on his lips which offset the dangerous light in his eyes.

"Possibly that would have been easier, but the same result will be reached when he does join us."

"Yes, but until then there is no use talking business."

"You will not undertake the matter until Kennard is included. Is that what you mean?"

"It is certainly a new proposition."

"Well, of course, you must decide for yourselves. I would like to have had you people finance the thing because you've got the necessary life and snap. It goes without saying, that Kennard must be with us in the end, but I have to work in my own way. With me the matter does not have controlling influence, because I know the combination is such that neither Kennard nor any other individual manufacturer can stop us once it is in motion. However, if you cannot endorse the proposition in the present aspect of affairs, I must reluctantly carry it elsewhere."

Mr. Harlan replaced the papers he had taken from his pocket and slowly buttoned his coat.

"It's just because we never undertake anything here unless we can work it with enthusiasm and confidence that I suggest disposing of the Kennard matter first," persisted Croyden. "You feel pretty sure of getting your man, but in case you don't, your recourse is a fight. Wall street won't like that; it won't buy fights. You're bound to win? All right, but Wall Street will stand on one side until the shindig's over. Once get the Street into it and you can cut a slash to your heart's content, but I tell you, Mr. Harlan, you've got to disclose profits and not cut-throat competition on your first show-down."

Both men were silent for a moment, each hesitating to make the next move. Then Trundell spoke for the first time since his partner entered the room.

"I tell you what, Harlan," he began. "Leave all your worries with us here and let us study them. Meet us at Delmonico's at eight to-night, and we'll dine together and talk the matter to a finish. I'll telephone for a private room, so we won't be disturbed."

"Very well."

Mr. Harlan took the bundle of papers from his pocket, handed it to Croyden, gathered up his hat, coat and gloves and with a few easy phrases left the partners to themselves.

For a few moments neither spoke. Then Mr. Trundell again broke the silence.

"Let's go up to the Racquet club, Nell, and take a Turkish bath."

"And read these papers there?"

Croyden raised his eyebrows as he spoke.

"Read nothing! You hit the nail on the head, Nell. He's got to get Ken-

## Often The Kidneys Are Weakened by Over-Work.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

It used to be considered that only urinary and bladder troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science "proves" that nearly all diseases have their beginning in the disorder of these most important organs.

The kidneys filter and purify the blood—that is their work.

Therefore, when your kidneys are weak or out of order, you can understand how your entire body is affected and how every organ seems to fail to do its work.

If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking the great kidney remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, because as soon as your kidneys are well they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince anyone.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases, and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles. You may have a sample bottle of Swamp-Root, by mail free, also a pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing to Dr. Kilmer &amp; Co., Binghamton, N. Y. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

"Yes, I see your finish," interrupted

Mr. Harlan. "You're hopeless, McMannis, hopeless. I got you a good political job with McGrahan and you lost it by drinking, and now you've got a start with Cavendish you are going to get yourself bounced by mixing up in some damned union business. The trouble with you is there's always somebody ready at your elbow to put you on your feet when you tumble down, and you don't appreciate the value of a fair start. Sometimes I think the worst mistake I ever made was to save you a term in the penitentiary. A few years behind the bars might have taught you something."

McMannis shot an angry glance at his host, and tugged fiercely at his stubby mustache for some moments before he answered sullenly:

"But you know, don't you, that the thing can't go through without him?"

"I certainly do not."

"Do you mean to say you would attempt it in the face of his opposition?"

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"I'M GOING TO GIVE YOU THIS MONEY, PETE."

It is on entering the house passed directly into a rear room, as though thoroughly familiar with his surroundings, and seated himself without invitation opposite the library desk. In all this he seemed to count upon his host, for Mr. Harlan followed his visited into the room, closed the door, pulled down the window-shades, drew the curtains, and then, turning on the electric light, seated himself in the revolving chair before the desk, pulled a cigar out of his pocket, pushed it toward his guest, lit another, and at last leaning forward with his elbow on the desk and his chin in his hand, said sharply:

"I'M GOING TO GIVE YOU THIS MONEY, PETE," he said slowly. "Of course I knew I had to do that when I let you into the house. But mind, this is my limit. If you don't get elected, don't come to me again, for I promise you it's your last draft on my pocket. And mind this, too. Whether you're elected or not, I don't want you to come to this house again. If you ever get a fit to pay the money back—which I don't expect—you can come to the office of the Milling Companies. Do you understand?"

"Of course. I don't want to annoy you."

"All right, then. Here, take some more cigars. Good-night."

(To be Continued.)

## WASHINGTON NEWS

National Divorce Law.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The movement for a national divorce law is expected to result in the early introduction of a bill, which probably will be drawn up by Congressman Crumpacker of Indiana. Mr. Crumpacker already has introduced a joint resolution asking the census bureau for divorce statistics for seventeen years. This was done at the request of Seth Low, J. P. Morgan and Dr. Morgan Dix. Speaking of easy marriage and divorce conditions in various parts of

No Dessert More Attractive

Why use gelatine and spend hours soaking, sweetening, flavoring and coloring when

Jell-O produces better results in two minutes? Everything in the package. Simply add hot water and set to cool. It's perfection. A surprise to the housewife. No trouble, less expense. Try it to-day. Flavors: Lemon, Orange, Strawberry, Raspberry, Chocolate and Cherry. At grocers, 10¢.

When you make ice cream use Jell-O ICE CREAM Powder. All ingredients in the package. At all grocers, 2 pugs. for 25¢.

"Yes, I see your finish," interrupted

the country to-day, Mr. Crumpacker mentioned particularly the St. Joseph Mich. marriages of Chicago couples.

Postmaster is Confirmed.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The senate confirmed the nomination of Henry W. Bennett as postmaster at Indianapolis, Ind.

## To Refund Duty on Wheat.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Secretary Shaw has sent a letter to both houses of congress recommending the refund of the duties paid on imported wheat when used for seed.

## Foreign District Court.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Senator Gilmore has introduced a bill providing for the establishment of a United States district court for China and Corea, to hold sessions at Shanghai, Canton, Tien-Tsin and Seoul.

## Monument to Gridley.

Washington, Jan. 25.—Senator Alderman introduced a bill appropriating \$5,000 for the erection of a monument to the memory of Captain C. V. Gridley, who commanded Admiral Dewey's flagship Olympia at the battle of Manila bay.

## Injunction Bill.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Representative Jenkins of Wisconsin has introduced a bill providing that in cases growing out of labor disputes no injunction or restraining order shall be issued except upon due notice by the court to the opposite party.

## Judge LaCombe Asks Hearing.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Judge E. Henry LaCombe of New York has asked for a hearing on the complaint made against him by Philadelphia lawyers. He has been informed by Chairman Jenkins of the house committee on judiciary that no investigation has been ordered by the house. It is understood, however, that Judge LaCombe will be heard should he appear.

## Smooth Evidence Is In.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Introduction of evidence in the case of Senator Reed Smoot was brought to a close Wednesday. Arguments will be presented to-day, Judge R. W. Taylor opening for the protestants and will be followed by counsel for the defense. Judge Taylor will then be permitted to close.

## Rats Devour Bonds.

Rats have eaten £5,000 worth of bearer bonds belonging to a Paris couple. The bonds were kept in an old hat box.

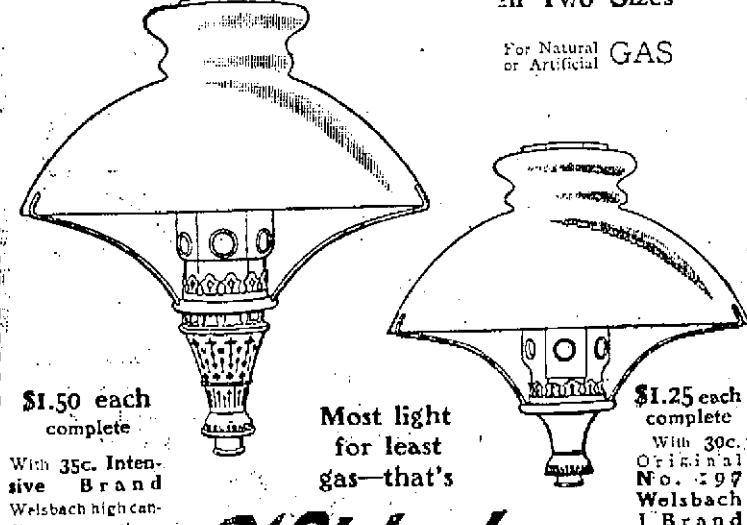
## Genuine Welsbach Mantles

## High Candle Power Lights

One of our 1905 New Models

In Two Sizes

For Natural or Artificial GAS

Most light  
for least  
gas—that's  
WelsbachGold Medal—the highest honor—awarded  
to Welsbach at the St. Louis Exposition.

## SIX BRANDS

Intensive Welsbach	35c	Burn
Yester Welsbach	35c	Brightest
No. 99 Original J. Welsbach	30c	Last
No. 99 Melchite Welsbach	25c	20c
2 Cap Welsbach	20c	15c
No. 2 Loop Welsbach	15c	Longest

## Beware of Worthless Imitations!

NOTICE: If your dealer cannot supply the

Welsbach Mantle, or any of the

Welsbach Mantles in their original sealed boxes, on which is

the name Welsbach and the Shield of Quality—your pro-

tection against imitation—write direct to the

Welsbach Factory, Gloucester, N. J., enclosing price,

and goods will be sent you by prepaid express.



## Genuine Welsbach Goods

FOR SALE BY

## The New Gas Light Co.

## The Fair Store

## Southern California

If you contemplate a trip to Southern California, with its lovely seaside resorts, and orange groves, beautiful gardens, and quaint Missions, the way to reach these magical scenes without suffering any of the inconveniences of Winter travel is via

## Union Pacific

## and

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to the Southeast

Via the North-Western line, will be in effect on the first and third Tuesdays in January, February, March and April, 1905, to Kentucky, Alabama, Georgia, North Carolina, Florida, and other southern states. For full information, tickets, etc., inquire of agents Chicago &amp; North-Western Ry.

## Take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. See it exterminate the poison, feel it revitalize the blood, bring back that happy joyous feeling of by-gone days. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Smith Drug Co.

## Put light in the eye, tints the cheek with Nature's bloom, loosens the tension of life, brushes the cobwebs from the brain, that's what Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will do. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Smith Drug Co.

## Now is the Time

To take a trip via

# J.M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

## SALE OPENS SATURDAY, JANUARY 28th,

At the JENKINS STORE, next door north of us. When people find out the kind of sale we are conducting there will be "something doing."

**20,000 Worth of General Dry Goods, and Cloaks, Suits, Skirts, Waists, Furs and Curtains** will be offered at **Prices** that will make **every one who buys advertises the sale for us.** One can form a good idea of the **Prices** at which goods will be sold from the following figures on

### DRESS GOODS

**5c** a yard for dress goods that were 8c, 10c, 15c.

**14c** a yard for dress goods that were 20c to 25c.

**19c** a yard for dress goods that were 25c to 35c.

**29c** a yard for dress goods that were 50c.

**39c** a yard for beautiful waisting and dress goods that were 50c, 60c, 65c, 75c.

**48c** a yard for dress goods that were 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25.

**50c** a yard for 52 inch flannel mixtures that were 87 1-2c.

**50c** a yard for dress goods that were \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50, \$1.75.

**60c** a yard for corded suiting; red, blue, brown; were \$1.00, 1.20.

**65c** a yard for heavy wool poplin mixtures; were \$1.25.

**75c** a yard for heavy all wool tucked skirting, 6 colors; were 1.50, \$2

Included in the above lots are plain and fancy dress goods, waistings and skirtings, in all probably **20,000 yards.**

Trading Stamps Will Be Given.

Sale Begins, Saturday, January 28th

### RUSSIANS ARE STILL WORRIED

(Continued from Page 1)

Two volleys then were fired, the first in the air and the second to kill. The crowd quickly scattered. Patches of blood on the snow marked where the bullets had been effective.

The wounded immediately were put into sleighs and driven away. The dead were carried into neighboring yards, the notice closing the gates. The affair was all over in ten minutes.

Official assurances afterwards were given that nothing whatever had happened.

#### Censorship Is Enforced.

In St. Petersburg the iron curtain of the censorship has been lowered to hide all the serious events that may be transpiring.

It is known that Maxime Gorky, and hundreds of others suspected of being in the revolutionary plot have been thrown into prison.

#### Says Army Will Desert.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 26.—M. Suvorin, the veteran editor of the Novo-Vremya, declared to Prince Sviato-polk-Mirsky:

"I am convinced that the whole Russian people is behind the liberal movement. The army, which has its roots in the people, will make common cause with them."

Prince Mirsky interrupted the editor, saying:

"But the troops fired on the strikers when they were commanded to."

"Yes," replied M. Suvorin, "but that will not last long. Tomorrow or next week the soldiers and officers will join hands with the people. Then the struggle will be over. If there were even five energetic men in Russia today it would have been easy for them to constitute themselves a provisional government."

This warning was given to the minister of the interior while the proprietors and editors of the leading St. Petersburg newspapers were appealing for more liberty for Russia.

M. Suvorin, who headed the delegation, declared in behalf of the press of Russia that as a result of the sanguinary events of the last few days they had reached the positive conclusion that there are now two governments in Russia, one of the czar, the other of the officials, who, ignorant and careless of the needs of the nation, are incapable of successfully carrying on the war in which they have involved Russia. He added:

"We are deeply convinced of the imperative necessity of summoning the representative heads of all classes and all sections of the community."

"The use of Dec. 26 promised liberty to the press, but the press to day remains in the hands of the police censors. Had the Russian press been permitted to set forth the full facts

in regard to the workers' agitation we believe things never would have come to such a pass that Russian soldiers would fire on unarmed Russian people. We know your excellency is an honest, well-intentioned gentleman. We hope you will repeat our words to his majesty. We implore him to grant the press freedom to set forth freely and truthfully the events of the last few days."

To this address Prince Mirsky replied:

"The government has taken all necessary measures to restore order and to protect property from danger."

To this snub he added little but a polite intimation that the press must continue to submit all reports to the censor.

#### TREPPOFF'S PROCLAMATION.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 26.—Gen. Trépoff, in the name of the czar, has issued a proclamation ordering the strikers to return to work.

The czar promises to take up the question of workingmen's insurance and shorter hours at once, but declares the strikers must first return to work.

The proclamation is as follows:

"Workmen should assist the government in its tranquilizing task in behalf of the betterment of their condition. This they can accomplish only by holding themselves aloof from fomenters of disturbance, who are alien to the workmen's true interest and to the country's welfare. Let them return to their ordinary labor, which is as useful for the country as for themselves; for without it they, their wives and children must suffer distress."

"Let the people be assured that their needs are as near the emperor's heart as those of all his majesty's true subjects; that only recently, on his own free will, the emperor commanded that the question of workmen's insurance be taken up with the object of securing them against disablement or sickness."

"This measure does not exhaust his majesty's anxiety for the well-being of the working classes, for at the same time the emperor sent an order instructing the ministry of finance to draft a law shortening the hours of labor and for the elaboration of such measures as will legalize workmen's discussions of their needs."

The proclamation, which, it is announced, was issued by the emperor's order, in its preamble recounts the origin of the recent events, and declares that evil disposed persons used the workmen as their tools, leading them astray by false and impossible promises.

**GIVES UP AFTER A FUSILLADE**

Cleveland Murderer Who Defied Police Finally Surrenders.

Cleveland, O., Jan. 26.—After defeating the police throughout the night from behind barricades, George Wagar, who killed his brother John and later shot Policeman Klaesmer through the abdomen, finally surren-

dered after more than twenty shots had been fired into the Wagar residence, where the tragedy was enacted. When the officers entered the house they found the body of John Wagar lying in an upstairs room with five bullet wounds in the head.

Protects Kansas Quail.

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 26.—On account of the ruthless slaughter of game in Kansas the house passed a bill ever prohibiting the killing of quail, and limiting the number of prairie chickens killed by each hunter to five a day.

Declares Grain Dealing Gambling.

Sioux City, Ia., Jan. 26.—The Nebraska legislature has placed stock and grain dealing in the same criminal statute with poker and faro! The governor is prepared to sign the new law.

#### MILES GETS SUPPORT.

Republican Senators Favor Amend.

ment for Full Pay.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Gen. Miles' friends in the senate were fortunate Wednesday in receiving the support of several leading Republican senators in their fight to defeat an amendment to the army appropriation bill which would have the effect of preventing Gen. Miles from drawing the full active pay of his rank while performing duty with the Massachusetts militia.

Senator Lodge made the straight fight to protect Gen. Miles and was supported by Senators Spooner, Platt, Connecticut, Fulton and others.

Gen. Miles repeatedly came in for high praise for his record as a soldier and the intimacy was broadly made that the legislation was aimed directly at him and was inspired by his enemies. The result was an amendment under which Gen. Miles will be permitted to serve upon the staff of the workingmen's insurance commission.

Senator Lodge said Gen. Miles had refused to accept any pay from the state of Massachusetts for his services.

Ice Wrecks a Steamer.

Coloonda, Ill., Jan. 26.—The steamer Guiding Star of the Coloonda and Elizabethtown Packet company was cut down by the ice at Rosicrants. The boat will be a total loss.

Coachman Is Killed by Horse.

Milwaukee, Wis., Jan. 26.—Alderman Becker, who has a mania for attending fires, responded to one when a horse kicked his coachman to death.

Powder Explosion Is Fatal.

Madisonville, Ky., Jan. 26.—In a powder explosion at the Victoria coal mines Ike Johnson was killed and Alex Nishit and Richard Bates perhaps fatally wounded. The explosion was due to Bates dropping some fire into a keg of powder.

PROBE FOR JUDGE.

Plan to Investigate United States Con-

sular Court at Shanghai.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Representative Hughes of New Jersey introduced a resolution directing the committee on judiciary "to inquire and report whether the action of this house is

### RIVALS FOR SOPHIE.

BY R. FANFOLD.

Johnson and I were rivals—bitter, wicked, deadly rivals—and the object of our dual affections was a young lady named Sophonisba Robinson.

Now, as far as priority of acquaintance goes, I certainly had the advantage over Johnson, for it was at a small party given by my parents in celebration of my fifth birthday, that Sophie and I first met. From that moment I felt that she was mine; and I have continued to feel the same thing (on and off) ever since.

For many years, however, a cruel fate kept us apart. Then we met again; and I found that the old, old wound was still there. I also found that Johnson had a wound of a similar nature, and the discovery was not altogether pleasing, for Johnson is rather a good-looking fellow, and no end of a ladies' man, while an excessive natural modesty prevents me shining in society as I otherwise might.

Before I discovered his unfortunate partiality for Sophonisba, Johnson and I had been the best of friends; from that moment we were implacable foes, perpetually plotting and planning to undermine and cut each other out.

Johnson found that Miss Robinson played tennis, and he wasted a whole month's salary in getting a suitable rig-out, and joining her club. The very next week Sophonisba resigned.

Then I discovered by accident that she was passionately fond of boating, and I spent no end of time and money in learning how to row. When I considered myself a sufficiently skillful sculler I invited Sophonisba to spend an afternoon with me on the river.

We went; and never shall I forget it. It was a glorious day in midsummer.

The great sun shone; the little birds sang; the tall trees rocked in the breeze; the golden corn waved, and all that sort of thing; and there, like an angel in the stern of the boat, beautiful, radiant and gracious, sat Sophonisba, my Sophonisba.

"Oh! Sophie! Sophonisba!" I thought, "if in one boat we two might float adown the stream of life together, how happy would I be."

I was just getting up steam to make this remark aloud to Miss Robinson when I caught sight of my hated rival, Johnson, standing on the river bank, sniggering.

Of course I felt considerably upset and put out. The next moment, in my excitement, I caught a crab, upset the boat, and we were both put out. Fortunately for me (for I can't swim) we were in very shallow water, so, after about two minutes' struggling and gasping, I managed to recover my feet, and having wiped from my eyes the mud I had gathered at the bottom of the river, I looked anxiously round for Sophonisba.

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Would you believe it? That wretched, interfering Johnson (who, by the way, can swim like a fish) had actually dove in and rescued her. Why didn't

### ICE JAM WRECKS COFFERDAM

Months of Work on Drainage Ditch Near Joliet Is Ruined.

Joliet, Ill., Jan. 26.—The work of months under the contract held by Lorimer & Gallagher of Chicago on the drainage ditch was ruined Tuesday night by the collapse of a 300-foot section of a cofferdam. The accident occurred just above Joliet and was caused by an unusual pressure due to the ice gorges which have been forming. No one was hurt. The contractors have the work of deepening the river above Joliet in connection with the new water power plants. A huge cofferdam was constructed to protect the workmen. There has been more or less trouble with it due to leaks, but it was thought to be strong enough to withstand the water. A large amount of machinery was caught in the flood.

Makes Football a Felony.

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 26.—A bill absolutely prohibiting collegiate football and making it a felony has been introduced in the Nebraska legislature.

Yellow Fever on Warship.

Panama, Jan. 26.—A bulletin issued by the American legation announced one death and six cases of suspected yellow fever on board the cruiser Boston. The sanitary staff is investigating the causes and fumigating the ship.

### Sacred Tie Broken.

A stranger in Dublin, having lost his way, hailed a cab; two immediately dashed up, both wanting the fare. "What's your fare to the Royal hotel?" asked the stranger, addressing the first driver.

"Well, yer honor, I'll take ye there for 3 shillings."

"That's too much, my good fellow," replied the stranger. "I'll give you 2 shillings."

"But 3 shillings is the fare, yer honor, and it's the truth Oi'm telling ye." How could Oi tell ye a lie when my mother wedded me to truth in me infancy?"

"Shure, thin," commented his rival, "it's a long toime you've been a widower, Mick."

Got Pretty Close to It.

Little Roger had attended a Sunday school festival and was in a car returning home. A man who had been prominent at the festival was in the same car, and, after being carried past the corner at which he wished to get out, he used some strong language for the purpose of letting it be known that he was displeased.

When Roger got home he said: "Mammy, that Mr. Toogood swore."

"Oh, no," the child's mother answered. "I'm sure you must be mistaken."

"Well, at least, he called the contractor a fool in a very swearwy way."

Buy it in Janesville.

### Proud of Freak Goose.

Shoreditch, London, is proud of a goose that drinks stout and dances in clogs.